

#### An Initiative of RESNET\*

### **COMNET: An Introduction**



#### Presentation to USGBC

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## What is COMNET?

- COMNET is a methodology to facilitate the assessment of energy efficiency of commercial and multifamily buildings
  - Modeling guidelines and procedures consistent with ASHRAE 90.1
  - Default building usage parameters
  - Open standards for modeling software
- **COMNET** is not
  - A new rating system
  - Modeling software



## What problems does COMNET address?



- Too many modeling flavors
- Results vary too much from modeler to modeler, from simulation to operation
  - Occupancy, plug loads, commercial refrigeration and vertical transportation
  - Gap between "predicted" and actual energy use of a building
- Manual generation of reference building subject to errors
- Market-Based Challenges
  - Many models prepared by modelers lacking needed expertise
  - No ongoing quality assurance program; limited consequences for modeler misconduct





#### **COMNET offers solutions**

- COMNET standardizes process of energy simulations by:
  - Accurate specification and automatic generation of the baseline building
  - Standardized schedules and other operation assumptions
  - Providing credit for reductions in nonregulated energy use, e.g. Energy Star equipment
- **COMNET** is developing a quality assurance program:
  - To accredit software
  - For building energy modelers
  - For screening building energy models before submission to rating authorities





## **COMNET** facilitates automatic generation of baseline building





### **COMNET Technical Manual**

- The COMNET Modeling Guidelines and Procedures (MGP)
  - Consistent with ASHRAE 90.1
    Appendix G
  - A consensus standard (seeking ANSI status)
  - Procedures for energy modeling of commercial buildings and comparing against baseline standards
    - Federal tax deductions (ASHRAE 90.1-2001),
    - Green building ratings (ASHRAE Standard 90.1-2007), and
  - Defines default modeling assumptions
    - Plug loads, commercial refrigeration, vertical transportation, occupancy, ...

- Additional Future Baselines
  - ASHRAE 90.1-2010 under development
  - Code compliance
    - California Title 24 under development
    - IgCC under consideration
  - Building energy ratings—zero Energy Performance Index (zEPI) under consideration



## **COMNET MGP consensus**

#### process

- Written by COMNET technical team with participation including members of national labs, ASHRAE committees and the LEED EA TAG
- Two rounds of public comment
- Responses to each comment from the COMNET Technical Committee
- Approved by COMNET Standing Committee (CSC) and RESNET Board of Directors







### **Organization of COMNET**

#### • Work performed within committees





## **Benefits of COMNET**

- Benefits to USGBC/LEED and Other Rating Authorities
  - Standardized method to get an accurate, reliable asset rating
  - More confidence in model results
  - Less time required to review submittals (lower cost)
  - Data flows seamlessly into rating authorities' databases
  - Reduces errors in the model
  - Process is adaptable to new and changing baselines

#### • Benefits to Building Owners and LEED Projects

- Reduces the time and cost of energy modeling
- Fewer opportunities for errors or differing rules interpretations means fewer rejections of models
- LEED points more predictable and less uncertain
- Quicker LEED certification
- Standardization allows for apples-to-apples comparison between buildings





### **Benefits of COMNET (cont)**

#### Benefits to Energy Modelers

- Less effort, a more error free process
- Automatic generation of baseline buildings
- Credit for reductions in nonregulated energy use – e.g. plug loads and commercial refrigeration
- Same COMNET-accredited software can be used for multiple purposes
  - Green building ratings
  - Energy labels
  - Tax deduction
  - Utility/DSM programs
  - Code compliance (future)

#### • Benefits to Software Developers

- Single specification serves multiple purposes-Tax credits, Green building ratings, Energy labels and Code compliance (future)
- Credibility from third-party
- Reduced development costs





#### **Typical example: Potential Savings for LEED-NC, CS, Schools, Retail**

**COMNET Saves \$21,000 (60%) per project on modeling costs** 





### **Typical example: Potential Savings for LEED-NC, CS, Schools, Retail**

Task	Hours/Project	Cost/Project,	Cost/Project,	COMNET
		Today	with COMNET	SAVINGS
Create Proposed Model	80	\$12,000	\$12,000	\$0
Create Baseline Model	60	\$9,000	\$0	\$9 <i>,</i> 000
Produce Submittal Docs	24	\$3,600	\$0	\$3 <i>,</i> 600
External Review of Proposed	16	\$2,400	\$2 <i>,</i> 400	\$0
External Review of Baseline	16	\$2,400	\$0	\$2 <i>,</i> 400
Response to Baseline Review	40	\$6,000	\$0	\$6,000
TOTAL Cost/Project	236	\$35,400	\$14,400	\$21,000
Multiplied by 1000 Projects/Year	236,000	\$35,400,000	\$14,400,000	\$21,000,000



### **Title 24 ACM – Current Status**

- The ACM (Alternative Calculation Method) defines modeling rules for the baseline building – analogous to ASHRAE 90.1 BPRM (Building Performance Rating Method)
- A custom energy budget is developed based on the proposed building's envelope, HVAC and lighting features and physical geometry
- Requirements for baseline building match prescriptive code, and must be shown to be cost effective under the Warren-Alquist Act
- Incentive programs such as Savings by Design base percent savings against minimum Title 24 compliance
- However, the performance approach under T24 has its limitations:
  - Only regulated energy use is considered
  - Compliance calculation places many restrictions on design inputs
  - The reference approach for certifying software is based on outdated software (DOE2.1e)

## Title 24 – Movement to COMNET Structure

- California will be using COMNET to upgrade Title 24 ACM for 2013 Code cycle to:
  - Allow designers to take credit for innovative design measures that are currently outside the scope e.g., passive design strategies, desiccant systems, heat recovery, WSE, heat pump coil defrost
  - Adopt COMNET building descriptors as the basis for rule-set to automatically generate the baseline building
  - Update the reference method for software testing based on criteria in COMNET
- Other realignment with 90.1 PRM to:
  - Move definition of baseline HVAC system based on number of stories and floor area to be consistent with PRM
  - Use ASHRAE PRM equipment sizing procedure based on unmet load hours







# Possible next steps for LEED/USGBC

- Incentivize use of the COMNET MGP in LEED projects
  - Comment submitted to LEED EA TAG for next version of LEED: Require use of MGP for building energy modeling
    - Alternatively, additional points under LEED EA Credit 1 could be offered to reward use of MGP
  - Innovation points for use of MGP
  - Fast track review of projects modeled using COMNET
- Encourage energy modeling software developers to make their software COMNET compliant
- Provide new representation on 3 COMNET committees: Promotion, Technical and Standing (CSC)



#### **Project Team**

- Project Management
  - New Buildings Institute
- Institutional Lead
  - Institute for Market Transformation
  - RESNET
- Technical Lead
  - Architectural Energy Corporation
  - Energy Soft
  - Florida Solar Energy Center
  - Energy and Environmental Economics
  - McHugh Energy Consultants
  - National Resource Defense Council





#### Conclusion

- COMNET Guidelines and Procedures are complete and ready to reference
- COMNET offers simpler, faster, cheaper building energy modeling with less variability
- COMNET can facilitate LEED submissions and reviews, increase compliance with procedures, and decrease rework, while saving money for USGBC/GBCI and registered projects

